

**ANNEX 1 to Joint Defence Notice Related to Agreements on Facts pursuant to Rule
95(3)**

Public

Joint Defence proposal for agreement on facts pursuant to Rule 95(3)
Specialist Prosecutor v. Hashim Thaçi et al.

Nb	Proposed fact	SPO comments
1	<p>On 28 February 1998, Serb forces attacked the villages of Qirez and Likoshan, in the municipalities of Skënderaj/ Srbica and Drenas (Glllogoc)/Glogovac, with tanks, helicopters and heavy artillery. They killed 24 Albanian civilians, including minors and a pregnant woman, wounded several others and severely tortured hundreds of residents. The 24 civilians killed are: Rexhep Rexhepi (1935); Ahmet Ahmeti (1948); Gani Ahmeti (1952); Elmi Ahmeti (1954); Driton Ahmeti (1975); Naim Ahmeti (1976); Shemsi Ahmeti (1979); Lumni Ahmeti (1978); Basri Ahmeti (1979); Elhami Ahmeti (1982); Hamëz Ahmeti (1954); Behram Fazliu (1942); Xhemshir Nebihi (1966); Rukije Nebihi (1972); Ilir Nebihi (1969); Beqir Sejdiu (1971); Bedri Sejdiu (1974); Nazmi Sejdiu (1974); Bekim Sejdiu (1975); Beqir Rexhepi (1968); Muhamet Gjeli (1928); Naser Gjeli (1959); Iba Rama (1961); Smajl Behrami (1970).</p>	
2	<p>On 5, 6 and 7 March 1998, Serb forces, including Serbia's special police and army forces, attacked the village of Prekaz i Poshtem, Skënderaj/Srbica municipality, in particular Adem Jashari's family compound, using artillery and heavy war machines. They killed 59 Albanians. Jashari's entire family, save an eleven-year-old girl, was killed in the attack. Of fifty-eight bodies later buried, eighteen were women and ten were children sixteen years old or younger. The victims from the Jashari family are: Shaban Jashari (1924); Zahide Jashari (1924); Adem Jashari (1955); Adile Jashari (1959); Fitim Jashari (1980); Kushtrim Jashari (1985); Hamëz Jashari (1950); Feride Jashari (1954); Selvete Jashari (1977); Afete Jashari (1980); Besim Jashari (1981); Lirije Jashari (1983); Blerim Jashari (1985); Fatime Jashari (1989); Blerina Jashari (1991); Zarife Jashari (1948); Hidajete Jashari (1979); Igballe Jashari (1981); Valdete Jashari (1983); Igballe Jashari (1985); Ali Jashari (1937); Sinan Jashari (1933); Osman Geci (1943); Sherif Jashari (1951); Faik Jashari (1964); Isak Halili (1934); Qazim Jashari (1948); Beqir Jashari (1955); Halil Jashari (1960); Nazmi Jashari (1967); Mihrije Jashari (1942); Sabrije Jashari (1976); Hanife Jashari (1981); Halit Jashari (1934); Elheme Jashari (1938); Hajzer Jashari (1969); Murtez Jashari (1979); Bahtije Jashari (1953); Avdullah Jashari (1982); Bujar Jashari (1987); Blerim Jashari (1992); Hamit Jashari (1934); Sala Jashari (1943); Sadik Jashari (1932); Afije Jashari (1938); Hamdi Jashari (1960); Elfije Jashari (1963); Fatime Jashari (1970); Ramiz Jashari (1974); Qerim Jashari (1942); Hajrije Jashari (1957); Ukshin Jashari (1976); Shahin Jashari (1973); Fatime Bazaj (1978); Smajl Bazaj (1980); Hamide Jashari (1913); Kajtaz Jashari (1953); Ajvaz Jashari (1980); Smajl Jashari (1951).</p>	

3	On 23 April 1998, Serb forces killed 20 Albanians in the villages of Sllup (Deçan/Deçani municipality), Hereq and Kliçinë (Gjakovë/Đakovica municipality).	
4	On 25 May 1998, Serb police forces shelled the village of Lybeniq, Peja/Pec municipality, before entering it, and killed nine men.	
5	On 31 May 1998, more than 100 Serbian policemen surrounded the village of Poklek i Ri, Drenas (Glllogoc)/Glogovac municipality, with armored vehicles and started shooting with firearms. They entered houses and took people out, killing 10 inhabitants.	
6	On 18 July 1998, Serb forces attacked the village of Fortesë (former Bellacerkë), Rahovec/Orahovac municipality, killing 12 civilians.	
7	On 19 July 1998, Serb forces threw hand grenades into the basement of a house located in the outskirts of the municipality of Rahovec/Orahovac, towards the village Xërxë, where the following 6 members of the Dina family were found dead: Selami Dina (1949); Sokol Dina (1951); Ibrahim Dina (1955); Xhemile Dina (1945); Fatmir Dina (1976); Hysen Dina (1978).	
8	On 19 July 1998, Serb forces killed Sylejman Sharku (1955), Zeqir Hoxha (1958), Eshref Shehu (1960), Murat Deliu (1963), Xhelal Ejupi (1974), Ramadan Krcagu (1957), and Shiqajdin Krçagu (1968) in the municipality of Rahovec/Orahovac.	
9	On 20 July 1998, Serb forces killed Qemajl Sylka, Faik Sylka, Haxhi Sharku, Xhemajl Rama, Eqrem Sylka, Nesim Sylka, and Baki Shehu in the neighbourhoods Sylka, Sharku and Mullaabazi of the municipality of Rahovec/Orahovac.	
10	On 2 August 1998, Serb forces bombed the village of Shtuticë, Drenas (Glllogoc)/Glogovac municipality, killing Sofije Zeqiri, Besim Zeqiri, Halim Zeqiri, Kada Zeqiri, Vahide Zeqiri, Nazmije Zeqiri.	
11	On 26 or 27 August 1998, because of Serb gun shelling between the villages of Topillë (Shtime/Stimlje municipality) and Grejqefc, 8 children and 3 women of the Selim Asllani family were killed, and another 3 were injured, while they were on a tractor. The 11 persons killed are: Jalldyze Asllani (1934); Halide Asllani (1962); Ajshe Asllani (1971); Burim Asllani (1985); Lumnije Asllani (1986); Ejup Asllani (1988); Luljeta Asllani (1991); Shpend Asllani (1993); Xhafer Asllani (1995); Antigona Asllani (1997); Albiona Asllani (1998).	
12	On 27 August 1998, Serb forces opened fire from Kleçkë/Klečka on the crowd sheltering in the forest in Senik village, Malishevë/Mališevu municipality, first with automatic weapons, and then with tanks, killing 8 persons.	

13	On 27 August 1998, Serb forces entered the village of Kleçkë/Klečka, Lipjan/Lipljan municipality, early in the morning and burned it. Upon their return from Kleçkë/Klečka in the direction of Qafa e Dules, Serb forces killed 8 people, including a 9-month-old infant, injuring over 39 persons.	
14	On 29 August 1998, Serb police killed 9 members of the Salihaj family in the village of Shushice in the municipality of Istog. The victims' names are as follows: Isa Salihaj (1922); Shaban Salihaj (1950); Milaim Salihaj (1962); Abedin Salihaj (1970); Fatime Salihaj (1957); Hysen Salihaj (1975); Arben Salihaj (1979); Hysni Salihaj (1981); Nazmi Gashi (1977).	
15	On 1 September 1998, Serb forces killed 11 members of the Berisha family from Lez village in Prizren Municipality, who were defending their home.	
16	On 4 September 1998, Serb forces fired from tanks at the crowd of civilians into Dejne village, Rahovec/Orahovac municipality, killing 8 persons. The victims' names are as follows: Shpresa Bytyqi (1966); Sevdije Hoti (1968); Mukadeze Bytyqi (1978); Leonora Bytyqi (1978); Arben Bytyqi (1979); Elmaze Bytyqi (1982); Bahrije Bytyqi (1986); Driton Hoti (1997).	
17	On 12 September 1998, 10 people were killed by Serb forces while trying to cross the Bjeshkët e Nemuna to go to Montenegro, in the place called Qafa e Roshkodollit [Roshkodoll's pass], in the village of Strellc, Deçan/Deçani municipality, in the mountains of Isniq bordering Montenegro.	
18	On 15, 16 and 17 September 1998, Serb army and police and Serb armed civilians and paramilitaries entered the villages of Shala e Bajgores, Mitrovicë municipality, and killed 12 Albanians.	
19	Between 22-26 September 1998, heavily armed Serb army and police and armed Serb civilians and paramilitaries, entered the villages of Çyçavica (Drenas and Skënderaj municipalities) and killed at least 60 inhabitants.	
20	On 23 September 1998, Serb forces killed Shashivar Ademi, Fatmir Ademi, Hetem Halili, Bujar Halili, Bajram Sahiti, Agim Ademi, Nazmi Halili, Sejdi Kabashi, Bekim Halili, Nexhat Halili, Burim Ademi, Gani Ademi and Arsim Brahimi in Dubovc, Vushtrri Municipality.	
21	On 23 September 1998, Serb forces killed Bajram Berisha, Naim Musliu, Naim Gashi, Hysni Shabani, Fejze Ramadani, Qamil Bajrami, and Elhami Shabani in Dashec village, Skenderaj Municipality.	

22	On 26 September 1998, Serb forces separated 14 inhabitants from their families in Gollubovc, Malishevë/Mališevo Municipality, and other villages who had taken shelter in the nearby mountains, beat them and then executed them by firing. Only one person, amid the corpses, escaped death. The victims' names are as follows: Ahmet Maloku (1944); Ajet Maloku (1949); Aziz Maloku (1949); Fazli Hoxha (1949); Mehdi Morina (1952); Zeqir Berisha (1954); Remzi Veseli (1957); Rasim Maloku (1959); Halim Maloku (1960); Muhamet Maloku (1961); Selman Deligashi (1967); Bedri Gashi (1969); Osman Morina (1973).	
23	On 26 September 1998, Serb forces killed 22 members of the Deliu family, including a 6-month-old infant and an 84-year-old woman, in Abri e Eperme, Drenas (Glllogoc)/Glogovac municipality.	
24	On 15 January 1999, Serb police and paramilitary forces and local Serbs mobilised from Ferizaj, Shterpca, Shtime, Viti and other locations, entered the village of Reçak, Shtime/Stimlje municipality. They executed at least 42 inhabitants and injured dozens of others.	
25	On 24 January 1999, Serb police killed Shaban Tafë Kelmendi, his children Besim (12 years) and Haxhi (11 years), Hysen Kurti and his wife Sanije Kurti, at the police checkpoint in Kramovik near Rakovina Bridge, Gjakova/Djakovica municipality, while they were travelling by tractor.	
26	On 29 January 1999, in Rogovë, Gjakovë/Đakovica municipality, Serb forces killed 25 Albanians, including 9 civilians, some of whom were disabled.	
27	On 2 March 1999, Serb forces attacked Leshan i Suharekës, killing 29 civilians.	
28	On 6 March 1999, Serb forces killed 9 members of the Ujkani family in Reznik village, Vushtrri municipality. Later their bodies were burned. The victims' names are as follows: Fehmi Ujkani; Sofije Ujkani; Behxhet Ujkani; Muhamet Ujkani; Fatime Ujkani; Imer Ujkani; Faik Ujkani; Tefik Ujkani; Halide Ujkani.	
29	On Saturday 13 March 1999 at 2:20 p.m., a market day in Mitrovicë/Kosovska Mitrovica municipality, Serb armed forces threw explosive ordnances into the middle of the Green Market, killing 6 persons.	
30	On 20 March 1999, Serb forces killed 29 civilians aged 15 to 70 in Skënderaj/Srbica municipality. Eight of them were executed in the location called "Te pishat", above the town; the others were killed in their homes and courtyards, or in front of the houses before the eyes of their families.	

31	On 20 March 1999, Serb forces began shelling the village of Tërrnavë, Podujevë/Podujevo municipality. As the population was fleeing, members of the Serb army threw two hand grenades at a tractor; one killed two children aged 6 and 7, and seriously injured 4 persons; the other killed two persons and gravely injured another 7.	
32	On 24 March 1999, in Kotlinë, Kaçanik municipality, Serb forces killed 25 persons and dumped them into two wells, which were then blasted with explosives.	
33	On 24 and 25 March 1999, Serb police reservists killed 36 civilians in Podujevë/Podujevo municipality.	
34	On 25 and 26 March 1999, Serb military and police forces surrounded, captured, robbed, tortured and then killed 82 civilians, aged 2 to 106 years old, in the village of Celina, Rahovec/Orahovac municipality.	
35	On 25 March 1999, Serb police, military and paramilitaries forces killed, mutilated and burned 47 Albanian residents, including women, children aged 3- to 9-year-old, teenagers and adult males, in their homes in Bellacerke village, Rahovec/Orahovac Municipality.	
36	On 25 March 1999, Serb forces killed and then burned the bodies of 20 Albanians aged 18 to 45 years old in Goden, Gjakovë/Đakovica municipality.	
37	On 25 March 1999, Serb paramilitary forces entered Tërrnje, Suharekë/Suva Reka municipality, killing 46 civilians, including children, teenagers, women, and elderly people, among whom were 9 guests from Studencan and another 1 from Randobrave who had taken shelter there.	
38	On 25 March 1999, Serb forces killed 8 members of the Pajaziti family in Randobravë, Prizren municipality, including a pregnant woman, Mejreme, and her four kids aged 2 to 7 years old.	
39	On 25, 26 and 27 March 1999, Serb police and paramilitary forces killed 243 persons in Krushe e Madhe village, Rahovec/Orahovac Municipality, including children, women and elderly people. The bodies of many victims were burned.	
40	On 25 March 1999, Serb police, military and paramilitary forces stationed in Krushë e Vogël village, Prizren municipality. In the afternoon, they were joined by local Serbs of this village. Over the course of two days, they killed 113 inhabitants of this village and the surrounding ones, from 13 years old to the elderly.	

41	On 26 March 1999, Serb forces killed 19 members of the Imeraj family, aged from 2 to 76 years old, in the Imeraj neighbourhood of Padalishtë, Skënderaj/Srbica municipality.	
42	On 26 March 1999, Serb soldiers shelled a house in Landovicë, Prizren municipality, where many residents were sheltered, killing 23 inhabitants.	
43	On 26 March 1999, Serb forces killed 52 civilians in Suharekë/Suva Reka municipality, including members of the Berisha family. Among the victims were 9-month-old infants, pregnant women, and a woman of about 100 years-old.	
44	On 27 March 1999, Serb forces surrounded Mamushë village, Prizren municipality, resulting in 18 civilian casualties.	
45	On 27 March 1999, Serb forces killed 11 members of the Rama family in Dardhishtë (Kryshec) village, Obilic/Obiliq municipality.	
46	On 27 March 1999, Serb forces killed 6 members of the Cerkezi family (all of them young males) in Gjakovë/Đakovica municipality. Only the mother escaped.	
47	On 27 March 1999, Serb police and paramilitary forces killed 41 Albanian civilians in the Dardania neighborhood of Pejë (Peja)/Pec, including women, children and elderly people.	
48	On 28 March 1999, Serb forces killed 19 members of the Duriqi, Bogujevci, Llugali and Gashi families in Podujevë/Podujevo municipality.	
49	On 28 March 1999, Serb police, military and paramilitary forces killed 147 civilians, young and old, including those with disabilities, in the village of Izbicë/Izbica, Skënderaj/Srbica municipality.	
50	On 28 March 1999, on Eid el fitr Day, Serb forces killed 21 persons, including several male and female students in Matiçan, Zllatar, Prishtinë.	
51	On 29 March 1999, in Beleg, Deçan municipality, Serb forces killed at least 46 inhabitants from this village and other villages.	
52	On 29 March 1999, in Poterq i Epërm, Klinë/Klina municipality, Serb forces separated males from females (including youths aged under 16) and took them not far from the village where they killed 11 Albanian civilians.	
53	On 30 March 1999, Serb forces killed at least 13 civilian residents in Llashticë e Gjilanit, Gjilan/Gnjilane municipality, including a 3-year-old child.	

54	On 31 March 1999, Serb forces killed 34 citizens in Burim, Malishevë/Mališevo, aged from 16 to 72 years old.	
55	On 31 March 1999, 106 civilian inhabitants of Pastasele, Rahovec/Orahovac municipality, and IDPs, were killed by Serb forces.	
56	On 31 March 1999, Serb Security forces shot 14 men in the village of Lubizhdë, northwest of Prizren municipality.	
57	On 1 April 1999, Serb forces killed 60 civilian inhabitants in Lybeniq, Pejë.	
58	On 1 April 1999, Serb police killed and burned 6 members of the Rexha family of the Cërce vilage, Istog municipality.	
59	On 2 April 1999, Serb police and special units killed a woman from the Vejsa family with her 5 children, born between 1988 to 1997, in Gjakovë/Đakovica municipality.	
60	On 2 April 1999, Serb forces killed 35 Albanians in the village of Sopi and in other villages of the Suharekë/Suva Reka municipality.	
61	On 2 April 1999, Serb forces bombed the village of Nagac/Nagavc, Rahovec/Orahovac municipality, killing 31 residents from Brestoc, Nagac, Krusha e Madhe and other villages.	
62	On 4 April 1999, Serb forces killed over 87 inhabitants in Kralan, Gjakovë/Đakovica municipality, the majority being from the municipalities of Klinë, Malishevë and Gjakovë. Some of them were burned.	
63	On 4 April 1999, Serb military forces killed 45 inhabitants in Qupevë e Epërme [Upper Qupevë], Klinë municipality: 6 from Qupevë e Epërme, 2 from Gllarevë, 7 from Përcevë, 2 from Qupevë e Poshtme, 17 from Svërkë and 11 from Gremnik.	
64	On 5 April 1999, Serb forces entered Rezallë village, Skënderaj municipality, mistreated the inhabitants, separated men from women and children, and lined up for execution 41 civilians aged 13 to 90 years old. 38 persons were executed.	
65	On 9 April 1999, Serb forces killed 58 persons in the location called Perroi i Rakocit and in the Lagjia e Re of Kaçanik/Kaçanik municipality.	
66	On 12 April 1999, Serb forces killed 46 residents in Lugishte e Hasit village, Prizren municipality.	
67	On 13 April 1999, more than 40 people of the Lipa family were sheltered in Studenice/Studenica village, Istog/Istok Municipality. After the bombings by Serb forces, 9 members of the Lipa family were found dead.	

68	On 13 and 17 April 1999, in Fshati i Vjeter /Old Village, Ferizaj/Uroševac municipality, Serb forces killed 7 members of the Zeka family and 2 members of the Hoxha family.	
69	In April 1999, Serb military, paramilitary and police forces killed 26 Albanian civilians in Llashticë/Llashtica near Gjilan/Gnjilane municipality.	
70	On 14 April 1999, Serb Police entered several Albanian houses on the street called "Kovaqët" (Rruga e Kovaçëve) in Mitrovicë/Kosovska Mitrovica. After robbing the houses, the police took 20 boys and men out of the houses and killed them all a few meters away from their homes.	
71	On 15 April 1999, Serb forces gathered 80 people in the house of Mustafa Sahiti in Lagjia e Boshnjakëve, Mitrovicë/Kosovska Mitrovica municipality, and then killed 23 Albanians.	
72	On 15 and 16 April 1999, Serb forces killed 41 civilian inhabitants in the village of Sllovi at the place called "Lugu i Demës", in Lipjan/Lipljan municipality.	
73	On 16 April 1999, at "Ura e Gjakut" in Mitrovicë/Kosovska Mitrovica, Serb forces singled out 9 youths from a 10km column of 80,000 people. The youths were taken to the courtyard of a house and tied to a well, where 8 of them were shot dead. The ninth managed to escape but was later caught and shot too.	
74	On 16 April 1999, Serb forces killed 20 Albanians in three neighbourhoods of Gjakovë municipality, Sadik Stavileci, Qazim Bakalli, and Mulliri i Zekës.	
75	On 17 April 1999, in Poklek, Drenas (Glllogoc)/Glogovac municipality, Serb forces captured over 60 members of the Muqolli, Caraku and Elshani families, locked them in the house of Sinan Muqolli, and then killed them all.	
76	On 17 April 1999, Serb forces killed 128 inhabitants in Çikatovë e Vjetër, Drenas (Glllogoc)/Glogovac municipality.	
77	On 18 April 1999, in the territory of Koliq, Prishtinë/Priština municipality, Serb forces killed more than 85 persons from various villages, mostly from the Llap region.	
78	On 18 and 19 April 1999, Serb forces killed 16 Albanians in Marec, Prishtinë/Priština municipality.	
79	On 18 April 1999, in Ribar i Vogël, Lipjan/Lipljan municipality, Serb forces killed 25 civilians. 19 of them were from Ribar i Vogël, while 6 of them came from the nearby village of Vershec and had taken shelter there.	

80	On 19 April 1999, Serb forces killed 20 inhabitants in Hallaq i Vogël, Lipjan municipality, among whom 3 were from other places.	
81	On 20 April 1999, Serb forces killed 42 persons in Makoc, Prishtinë/Priština municipality.	
82	On 21 April 1999, 60 civilian males from a long column of displaced persons from the villages of Gallap, going from Marec to Prishtina, were shot in the back of their heads by Serb forces. Their bodies were thrown into the river.	
83	On 21 April 1999, Serb forces killed 16 members of the Mirena family in Nekaradë, Fushë Kosovë/Kosovo Polje municipality.	
84	On 21 April 1999, Serb forces surrounded the village of Hallac i Vogel, Lipjan/Lipljan municipality, and separated the villagers by gender. The men were sent to a field, where Serb forces killed at least 35 of them. Several of the bodies were later burned.	
85	On 22 April 1999, Serb forces killed 21 persons in a column of displaced persons in the village of Koliq, Prishtinë/Priština municipality.	
86	On 27 April 1999, Yugoslav-Serbian military and police forces launched an extensive operation in the Reka e Keqe region near the Albanian border, which included the burning of homes, looting, destruction, and mass deportations. At least 377 Albanians were killed by these forces or have not been seen since this day.	
87	On 30 April 1999, Serb paramilitary forces lined up 19 members of an extended Albanian family in a house in Llashticë/Vlastica, Gjilan/Gnjilane municipality, and shot at them. Thirteen members of the family were killed. Others survived by pretending to be dead. Several days later, Serb forces bulldozed some of the walls, covering the bodies in an attempt to hide their crimes. In June 1999, an international forensic team excavated the site and found the remains of the dead.	
88	On 1 May 1999, Serb forces burned Kosovar Albanian homes in villages around Peje/Pec and killed 26 civilians.	
89	On 2 May 1999, Serb police, army and paramilitaries forces killed 116 persons in Studime and Vushtrri, including children, women, men and the elderly.	

90	On 30 April 1999, Serb forces attacked the villages of Vërboc and Shtuticë, in Drenas (Glllogoc)/Glogovac municipality. They killed 96 civilians in Vërbovc (65 of whom were from Vërbovc and 31 from other villages) and over 70 civilians in Shtuticë (33 of whom were from Shtuticë). A number of other civilians were detained, tortured and imprisoned in the Qirez mosque. 176 Albanian civilians of various ages (including children) were in this mosque that night. The next day, the Albanian civilians were loaded into 6 trucks and were sent in the direction of Drenas. 120 of them were executed in the place called "Shavarina".	
91	On 3 May 1999, Serb police forces stopped a column of people from the village of Bukosh, Suharekë municipality, and killed 24 persons.	
92	On 7 May 1999, Serb forces killed 26 persons in Ura e Taliqit, Gjakovë/Đakovica municipality.	
93	On 10 May 1999, in Gjakovë/Đakovica municipality, numerous killings took place in the bus station neighbourhood and in Çabrat, where Serbs forces killed over 80 persons.	
94	On 13 May 1999, in Korishe village, Prizren municipality, Serb forces killed 77 persons, including 3 infants, 11 school-aged children, and 13 adolescents, and wounded another 61 persons.	
95	On 14 May 1999, Serb forces attacked the village of Qyshk, Pejë (Peja)/Pec municipality, killing 41 males.	
96	On 14 May 1999, Serb military and police forces killed 38 Albanian civilians in the villages of Pavlan and Zahaq in Pejë (Peja)/Pec municipality.	
97	On 17 May 1999, a group of about 20 persons wearing Serbian police uniforms, murdered all the members of the Krasniqi family, 23 persons in all, aged from 5 to 65 years old.	
98	Between 19 and 24 May 1999, as a result of an attack by the Serb police forces into the courtyard of Dubrava Prison, Istog municipality, 97 inmates were killed.	
99	On 22 May 1999, Serb police and military forces abducted and killed 68 persons in the town of Vushtrri.	
100	On 26 May 1999, Serb forces entered the Tusus neighborhood of Prizren and killed 27 inhabitants.	
101	On 31 May 1999, Serbian forces killed the 13 members of the Gerxhaliu family in Studime, Vushtrri.	

102	On 12 June 1999, Serb paramilitary and police forces entered into Albanians' homes in Pejë (Peja)/Pec. After sending Isa Balaj to his home to get more money, they lit a pillow to make light to see if all the family members were there. A burst of the automatic gun was fired at the Bala family and 5 small children were killed together with the 28-year-old girl Vjollca Bala. Meanwhile, Isa and his son Valon (aged 9) managed to jump out from the balcony and made it to their neighbour.	
103	On 1 May 1998, Serbian forces burnt houses in Rahovec, Malishevë, Komorane and Prishtina to the ground.	
104	On 1 June 1998, at the crossroads of Rahovec-Suhareka-Bretoc, Serbian police severely ill-treated passers-by. Among those beaten were Ajaz Musli Shala from Zoqishte and two other villagers from Brestovc.	
105	On 1 June 1998, Serbian military and police forces shelled the villages of Reka e Keqe and Dushkaja, in Dukagjin.	
106	On 2 June 1998, Serbian forces use heavy artillery to shell villages near the town of Deçan/Deçani.	
107	On 2 June 1998, Serbian forces shelled the village of Lausa, Skenderaj Municipality.	
108	On 3 June 1998, Serbian police, military and paramilitary forces stationed on Suka Bitesh shelled the villages of Shaptej, Gramaçel, Glllogjan and Baballoç, Deçan/Deçani municipality. Lush Zhubi (63) was killed. Over 2,500 people - mainly women, children and the elderly - from the affected regions were relocated to Tropoja, Albania.	
109	On 3 June 1998, Serbian police and military forces stationed in Gradisha shelled the villages of Gexha and Malesia i vogel, Rahovec/Orahovac municipality.	
110	On 3 June 1998, Serbian police and military shelled the villages in the vicinity of Lake Radoniq Palabardh, Bitesh, and Janosh. The inhabitants of Brovina, Molliq and Batusha, in Gjakova/Djakovica municipality, fled their homes, which were looted and burnt by Serbian forces.	
111	On 4 June 1998, parts of the village of Prilep, Deçan/Deçani municipality were destroyed by Serbian shelling.	
112	By 4 June 1998, about 20,000 Albanians from villages surrounding Pejë (Peja)/Pec and Deçan/Deçani, who had been displaced due to fighting were relocated to the town of Pejë (Peja)/Pec.	
113	On 4 June 1998, Serbian forces stationed in Gradisha and Gjakova shelled the villages of Gexha, Malesia e Vogël and Ratkoc, in Rahovec/Orahovac municipality.	

114	On 5 June 1998, Serbian forces shelled the villages of Gexha, Malësia e Vogel and Ratkoc, in Rahovec/Orahovac municipality.	
115	On 5 June 1998, four Serbian military planes bombarded the villages of Carrabreg i Poshtëm, Carrabreg i Epërm, Prejlep, Baballoç, Gramaçel, Shaptej and Irzniq, in Deçan/Deçani municipality.	
116	On 7 June 1998, Serbian forces shelled the village of Suhogërlla, Skenderaj municipality, resulting in 48 of the 53 houses in the village burnt down.	
117	On 1 June 1998, Serbian forces shelled villages in the Drenica region causing approximately 40,000 people to flee to the municipalities of Vushtri and Kosovska Mitrovice.	
118	On 10 June 1998, Serbian forces shelled villages in Klina municipality including Dollova, Grabanica, Bokshiq, Këpuz, Çeskova, Zajm, Jashanica e Epërme, Jashanice e Poshtme, Dush, Gjurgjevik i Madh, and Gllareva.	
119	On 12 June 1998, Serbian forces shelled the village of Popoc, Gjakova/Djakovica municipality, and destroyed the homes of 37 Albanians in the village.	
120	On 13 June 1998 Serbian forces shelled the villages of Gexha, Malësia e Vogël and Ratkoc, in Rahovec/Orahovac municipality.	
121	On 14 June 1998 Serbian forces shelled the villages of Kramovik, Rakovina, Gexha, Ratkoc and Malësi e Vogel, in Rahovec/Orahovac municipality.	
122	On 21 June 1998, Serbian forces shelled the villages of Nec, Stublla, Berjaha, Smolica, Brovina and Morina, Gramaqel, Baballoc and Glllogjan, in Gjakova/Djakovica municipality.	
123	On 22 June 1998 Serbian Police shelled the village of Bllace, Suharekë municipality, damaging homes and wounding villagers	
124	On 17 July 1998 Serbian forces including PJP, SAJ and VJ units, launched an attack on the town of Rahovec/Orahovac. A VJ unit that had tanks, Pragas, and self-propelled anti-aircraft guns held the town in encirclement.	
125	In the course of the attack on Rahovec/Orahovac from 17 to 19 July 1998, Serbian forces killed approximately 150 Albanians including Leonora Bytyqi (17), Bahrije Bytyqi (10), Elmaze Bytyqi (7) Ahmet Kabashi (2) Murvete Morina (4), Besart Tafaj (6 months) Sevdije Bytyqi (3), Sadri Hafizi (18), Gazmend Lata (3) Luan Bytyqi (4) Sevdije Hoti (3) from Dejne.	

126	By late July 1998, the Serbian summer offensive resulted in the internal displacement of at least 300,000 people, a large portion of which were from the Rahovec/Orahovac region.	
127	On 20 July 1998, Serbian artillery shelled the villages of Potočan i Epërm, Potočan i Ultë, Sapniq, Bellacerkë and Drenoc, displacing civilians to Malishevë.	
128	On 21 July 1998, Sheh Muhedini, the leader of the largest place of worship in Rahovec and the surrounding area, was shot and killed by Serbian police while lighting candles in the courtyard of his mosque along with 24 members of his congregation.	
129	On 18 July 1998, Serbian forces from Kijeva shelled the villages of Bubavec and Mleqan, in Malishevë municipality.	
130	By 30 July 1998 over 30,000 inhabitants of Rahovec and Malishevë were displaced and missing due to the Serbian offensive.	
131	By the end of July 1998, the number of displaced persons in Kosovo exceeded 100,000.	
132	From 10 to 15 September 1998, MUP forces carried out an operation in the area of Bajgora/Bajgorë, a known KLA stronghold, and Stari Trg/Stantërg in Kosovska Mitrovica/Mitrovicë municipality. Members of the MUP unit entered Stari Trg/Stantërg on foot and searched houses. Members of the police raped a young woman and killed two older women and two men. Their house was subsequently set on fire.	
133	On 20 September 1998, Serb forces killed 7 civilians in Vërbofc, Drenas (Glllogoc)/Glogovac municipality, including an 81-year-old woman, Bahtie Gashi. They demolished or burned 100 of the 160 houses in the village.	
134	In late September 1998 Serbian security forces surrounded several villages in Vushtrri municipality, including the villages of Kollë, Duboc, Galicë, Beçiq, Oshlan, and Zhilivodë as well as the villages Lubavec and Mikushnicë in Skenderaj municipality. Most houses suffered fire or shelling damage. In one village, 11 dead bodies were found. In Galicë alone, 15 people were executed.	
135	Between 19 and 23 April 1999, 115 civilians were executed in the village of Makoc, Prishtinë/Priština municipality, and its surroundings.	